

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

MAGTEN ASSET MANAGEMENT CORPORATION and LAW DEBENTURE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,  v.  NORTHWESTERN CORPORATION,  Defendant.	Plaintiffs,  C.A. No. 04-1494-JJF
MAGTEN ASSET MANAGEMENT CORPORATION,  v.  MIKE J. HANSON and ERNIE J. KINDT  Defendants.	Plaintiff,  C.A. No. 05-0499-JJF

**SUPPLEMENTAL AFFIDAVIT OF JOSEPH D. PIZZURRO**

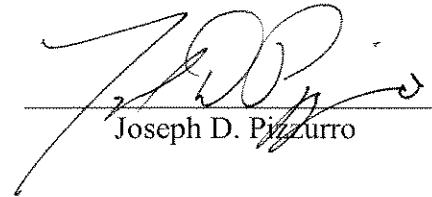
STATE OF NEW YORK      )  
                                  ) ss.:  
COUNTY OF NEW YORK    )

JOSEPH D. PIZZURRO, being duly sworn, deposes and says:

1.      I have been admitted *pro hac vice* to the bar of this Court and am a member of the firm of Curtis, Mallet-Prevost, Colt & Mosle LLP, counsel for defendant NorthWestern Corporation (“NorthWestern”) in the above-referenced action. I submit this affidavit in further support of the Joint Motion of Defendants NorthWestern Corporation,

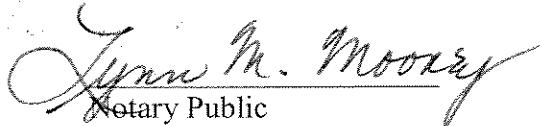
Michael J. Hanson and Ernie J. Kindt pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c) and Local Rule 30.2 for a Protective Order.

2. Attached as Exhibit A is a true and correct copy of a letter dated December 5, 2006 to Joseph Pizzurro from Bonnie Steingart.
3. Attached as Exhibit B is a true and correct copy of a letter dated December 13, 2006 to Bonnie Steingart from Joseph D. Pizzurro.
4. Attached as Exhibit C is a true and correct copy of an Order dated July 11, 2005 by the Honorable Richard F. Cebull, United States District Court Judge for the District of Montana, Butte Division.



Joseph D. Pizzurro

Sworn to before me  
this 10<sup>th</sup> day of May 2007



Lynn M. Mooney  
Notary Public

**LYNN M. MOONEY**  
Notary Public, State of New York  
No. 01MO4841073  
Qualified in Queens County  
Certificate Filed in New York County  
Commission Expires June 30, 2027

***EXHIBIT A***

Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson LLP

One New York Plaza  
New York, New York 10004-1980  
Tel: +1.212.859.8000  
Fax: +1.212.859.4000  
www.friedfrank.com



Direct Line: 212.859.8004  
Fax: 212.859.8583  
steinbo@ffhsj.com

December 5, 2006

**VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL**

Joseph Pizzuro, Esq.  
Curtis, Mallet-Prevost, Colt & Mosle LLP  
101 Park Avenue  
New York, NY 10178

Re: *Magten Asset Management Corp. and Law Debenture Trust Co. v. Northwestern Corp.; C.A. No. 04-1494-JJF*

Dear Joe:

I am writing to follow up on our discussions regarding deposition scheduling. In addition to the individual named defendants, we currently anticipate taking the depositions of the following persons formerly employed by NorthWestern:

Gary Drook  
Richard Hylland  
Eric Jacobsen  
Merle Lewis  
Daniel Newell  
Kipp Orme

In addition, we may wish to depose some of the following:

William Austin  
Patrick Corcoran  
Jack Haffney  
Kendell Kliewer  
Michael Nieman  
Ellen Senechal  
Maurice Worsfold

Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson LLP

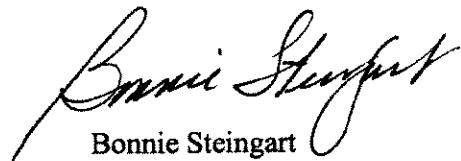
December 5, 2006  
Page 2

It is our understanding that most of these individuals are no longer employed by NorthWestern. Given what we consider to have been the unwarranted delays in arranging for document production, we intend to begin serving deposition subpoenas on these individuals in the near term. However, if your firm will be representing them and is authorized to receive service on their behalf, or you wish to refer us to separate counsel authorized to receive service on behalf of a particular individual, we will be happy to proceed on that basis. Please let us know promptly of any witnesses who wish to pursue this course, so that unnecessary inconvenience can be avoided. For those individuals listed above who are current employees or whom you will otherwise be representing, please let us know their availability for dates beginning in January. Please also let us know whether your firm or the Browning, Kaleczyc firm should be our primary contact for scheduling Mr. Hanson's deposition, which, as we have already told you, we would like to set for January.

Finally, as I mentioned in my letter of yesterday, please advise us of the identity of all those individuals who have received Wells notices, which will assist us in finalizing our list.

We look forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely,



Handwritten signature of Bonnie Steingart in cursive ink.

Bonnie Steingart

cc: Gary L. Kaplan, Esquire  
John W. Brewer, Esquire  
Dale R. Dubé, Esquire  
Bijan Amini, Esquire  
Steven J. Reisman, Esquire  
Jesse H. Austin, III, Esquire  
Victoria W. Counihan, Esquire  
Nancy E. Delaney, Esquire  
Karol K. Denniston, Esquire  
Dennis E. Glazer, Esquire  
Miriam K. Harwood, Esquire  
David A. Jenkins, Esquire  
Paul Spagnoletti, Esquire

**Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson LLP**

December 5, 2006  
Page 3

Stanley T. Kaleczyc, Esquire  
Kimberly A. Beatty, Esquire  
Denise Seastone Kraft, Esquire  
Adam G. Landis, Esquire  
Dennis A. Meloro, Esquire  
Curtis S. Miller, Esquire  
Kathleen M. Miller, Esquire  
John V. Snellings, Esquire

***EXHIBIT B***

CURTIS, MALLET-PREVOST, COLT & MOSLE LLP

FRANKFURT      MUSCAT  
HOUSTON      PARIS  
LONDON      STAMFORD  
MEXICO CITY      WASHINGTON, D.C.  
MILAN

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW  
101 PARK AVENUE  
NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10178-0061

TELEPHONE 212-696-6000  
FACSIMILE 212-697-1559  
E-MAIL [INFO@CM-P.COM](mailto:INFO@CM-P.COM)  
INTERNET [WWW.CM-P.COM](http://WWW.CM-P.COM)

WRITER'S DIRECT:  
TEL.: 212-696-6196

December 13, 2006

Bonnie Steingart, Esq.  
Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson LLP  
One New York Plaza  
New York, NY 10004-1980

Re: *Magten Asset Management Corp. and Law  
Debenture Trust Co. v. NorthWestern Corp.;  
C.A. No. 04-1494-JJF*

Dear Bonnie:

Pursuant to your request, we have been advised that the following former employees of NorthWestern are represented as follows:

1. Gary Drook

Paul H. Dawes, Esq.  
Latham & Watkins LLP  
135 Commonwealth Drive  
Menlo Park, CA 94025  
Phone: (650) 463-2626  
Fax: (650) 463-2600  
E-mail: [paul.dawes@lw.com](mailto:paul.dawes@lw.com)

2. Gary Hylland

David P. Pearson, Esq.  
Winthrop & Weinstine, P.A.  
225 South Sixth Street  
Suite 3500  
Minneapolis, Minnesota  
55402  
Phone: (612) 604-6692  
Fax: (612) 604-6800  
E-mail:  
[DPearson@winthrop.com](mailto:DPearson@winthrop.com)

3. Eric Jacobsen

Joseph K. Brenner  
Wilmer Cutler Pickering Hale  
and Dorr LLP  
1875 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW  
Washington, DC 20006  
202.663.6120  
202.663.6363 (fax)  
[joseph.brenner@wilmerhale.com](mailto:joseph.brenner@wilmerhale.com)

Bonnie Steingart, Esq.  
December 14, 2006

## 4. Merle Lewis

Michael G. Taylor, Esq.  
Leonard Street and Deinard  
150 South Fifth Street  
Suite 2300  
Minneapolis, MN 55402  
Phone: (612) 335-1589  
Fax: (612) 335-1657  
E-mail:  
michael.taylor@leonard.com

## 5. Daniel Newell

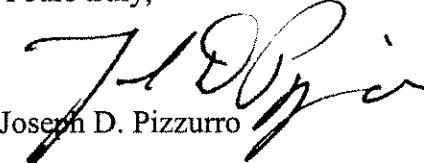
Michael G. Taylor, Esq.  
Leonard Street and Deinard  
150 South Fifth Street  
Suite 2300  
Minneapolis, MN 55402  
Phone: (612) 335-1589  
Fax: (612) 335-1657  
E-mail:  
michael.taylor@leonard.com

## 6. Kipp Orme

Sheldon T. Zenner, Esq.  
Katten Muchin Rosenman LLP  
525 West Monroe Street  
Suite 1600  
Chicago, Illinois  
60661-3693  
Phone: (312) 902-5476  
Fax: (312) 577-8995  
E-mail:  
sheldon.zenner@kattenlaw.com

We have not inquired as to whether the above counsel are authorized to accept service of process.

Yours truly,



Joseph D. Pizzurro

cc: Gary L. Kaplan, Esq.  
John W. Brewer, Esq.  
Bijan Amini, Esq.  
Jesse H. Austin, III, Esq.  
Victoria W. Counihan, Esq.  
Dennis E. Glazer, Esq.  
David A. Jenkins, Esq.  
Paul Spagnoletti, Esq.  
Denise Seastone Kraft, Esq.  
Adam G. Landis, Esq.  
Dennis A. Meloro, Esq.  
Curtis S. Miller, Esq.  
Kathleen M. Miller, Esq.  
John V. Snellings, Esq.  
Dale R. Dubé, Esq.  
Stanley T. Kaleczyc, Esq.  
Kimberly A. Beatty, Esq.

***EXHIBIT C***

FILED  
US DISTRICT COURT  
BILLINGS, MT

2005 JUL 11 PM 1 20

PAUL R. MCNAUL  
BY

SHERYL L. COOPER

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF MONTANA

## BUTTE DIVISION

MAGTEN ASSET MANAGEMENT CORPORATION, ) Cause No. CV-04-26-BU-RFC  
Plaintiff, )  
vs. )  
MIKE J. HANSON AND ERIE J. KINDT, )  
Defendants. )

52

## BACKGROUND

This case was brought against two individuals who served as officers of Clark Fork and Blackfoot, LLC ("CFB"), a wholly owned subsidiary of NorthWestern, as a result of a transfer of a majority of the assets and liabilities of CFB related to the Montana electric and natural gas transmission and distribution business from CFB to NorthWestern. These assets and liabilities included debt owed under the QUIPS and related debentures now owned by Magten and which form the subject matter of this litigation. The Transaction was effected on or about November 15, 2002. Almost one year later, on September 14, 2003, NorthWestern filed a voluntary Chapter 11 reorganization in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware.

Based upon information provided by Defendants, it appears that over the last twelve months Magten and NorthWestern have been in litigation in and out of the bankruptcy court.

There are seven proceedings currently pending in either the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware or the United States District Court for the District of Delaware directly between Magten and NorthWestern.

Further, Magten has sued the legal advisors to CFB and NorthWestern concerning advice they gave related to the transaction. Magten has also sued the Bank of New York which served as the original Trustee for the Montana Power Capital 1 Trust ("Trust"), which issued the QUIPS, for alleged breaches of fiduciary duty in connection with the Transaction.

These latter two proceedings are pending in Delaware Federal District Court and Chancery Court, respectively. All of the proceedings involving NorthWestern, its subsidiaries and officers, except this case, are pending either in the NorthWestern Bankruptcy Court in Delaware or the Federal District Court in Delaware.

## ANALYSIS

### I. Is a Change of Venue Proper?

#### A. Timeliness of the Motion to Change Venue

A district court may transfer a case from one proper venue to another "for the convenience of parties and witnesses" or "in the interest of justice." 28 U.S.C.A. § 1404(a). Plaintiffs argue that the motion to transfer is untimely and Defendants have waived any objection to venue because Defendants did not file the motion with the answer or pre-answer motion.

A motion to transfer venue is not an objection to improper venue under Rule 12(b), and therefore, need not be made before an answer is filed. *See e.g., American Standard, Inc. v. Bendix Corp.*, 487 F.Supp. 254, 261 (D.Mo. 1980); *Nowotny v. Turner*, 203 F.Supp. 802 (D.N.C., 1962); *Insurance Co. of North America v. Ozean/Stinnes-Linien*, 367 F.2d 224, 227 (5th Cir. 1966). Section 1404(a) sets no time limit on when a motion to transfer can be made.

*American Standard, Inc. v. Bendix Corp.*, 487 F.Supp. 261, citing § 1404(a), Title 28, United States Code; 15 Wright, Miller & Cooper, Federal Practice And Procedure § 3844, l.c. 211 (1976). Thus, the passage of time alone or delay alone is not a sufficient reason to deny a transfer. *American Standard, Inc. v. Bendix Corp.*, 487 F.Supp. 261, citing 1 Moore's Federal Practice P 0.145(4.-3), l.c. 1601 (2d ed. 1979). A party who has waived objection to improper venue under Rule 12 by failure to timely assert it is not precluded from moving to transfer under § 1404(a). See *Montgomery Ward & Co. v. Anderson Motor Serv., Inc.*, 339 F.Supp. 713 (D.Mo. 1971); *Ferment-Acid Corp. v. Miles Labs, Inc.*, 153 F.Supp. 19 (D.N.Y. 1957). Therefore, the motion to transfer is not untimely.

**B. Could the Case Have Originally Been Brought in the District of Delaware?**

Section 18 U.S.C. § 1404(a) only authorizes transfer to "any other district or division where it might have been brought." Therefore, this action may be transferred to the District of Delaware only if Magten could have brought it there if the circumstances were appropriate on the date the action was filed. Based upon 28 U.S.C. § 1409(a), venue is proper in Delaware because this matter is "related to" NorthWestern's bankruptcy in Delaware. It would be anomalous for § 1409(a) to be interpreted as vesting jurisdiction in the Delaware District Court of a matter related to a pending bankruptcy and then taking away that jurisdiction because the defendants are not residents of that judicial district. This would subvert the statutory scheme of § 1409, which obviously intends to place all proceedings arising under or related to a bankruptcy (with the exception noted in § 1409(b)) which relate to pre-petition activities of the bankrupt in one forum.

**C. Will Transfer Serve the Interests of Justice?**

Under § 1404(a), the district court has discretion "to adjudicate motions for transfer according to an 'individualized, case-by-case consideration of convenience and fairness.'" *Stewart Org. v. Ricoh Corp.*, 487 U.S. 22, 29 (1988). A motion to transfer venue under §§

1404(a) requires the court to weigh multiple factors in its determination whether transfer is appropriate in a particular case. *Id.* For example, the court may consider: (1) the location where the relevant agreements were negotiated and executed, (2) the state that is most familiar with the governing law, (3) the plaintiff's choice of forum, (4) the respective parties' contacts with the forum, (5) the contacts relating to the plaintiff's cause of action in the chosen forum, (6) the differences in the costs of litigation in the two forums, (7) the availability of compulsory process to compel attendance of unwilling non-party witnesses, and (8) the ease of access to sources of proof. *Id.* at 29-31.

Plaintiff makes the argument that choice of forum should rarely be disturbed, but this has been questioned by several courts. See, Wright, Miller and Cooper, *Federal Practice and Procedure: Jurisdiction 2d* § 3848, 242-43 ("it is generally agreed that plaintiff's initial choice is no longer entitled to the significance which once attached under *forum non conveniens* analysis."); *Anderson*, 634 F.Supp. at 1204-05 ("In balancing the factors pertinent to the propriety of transferring the present action, the court begins by noting that a plaintiff's choice of forum should rarely be disturbed . . . Nonetheless, though venue is invoked under a special venue provision, a transfer may still be ordered if a preponderance of relevant factors in a particular case indicates that transfer is appropriate.")

With regard to law governing the case, *Anderson* instructs that this factor should be given little weight if the substantive law of the two proposed forums is neither complex, unsettled, nor significantly different. *Id.* at 1205. Such is the case here, thus, this factor should be given little weight.

When considering the parties contacts with the forum, the cases involving Magten in Montana and Delaware are intertwined and much of the discovery sought will be duplicative.

Additionally, only one party to the proceeding, Ernie Kindt, the Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer and Controller of CFB at the time of the transaction, resides in Montana. It is anticipated that Kindt would be called as a witness in Magten's litigation pending in Delaware courts, so Kindt will not be any more inconvenienced if this lawsuit is transferred to Delaware.

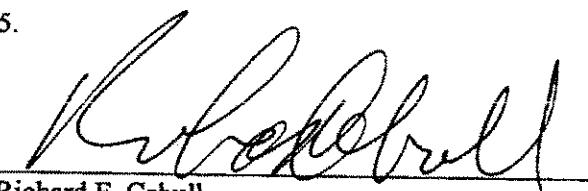
Hanson is a citizen and resident of South Dakota, so he does not have greater convenience with this lawsuit continuing in Montana. Potential third party witnesses in this CFB litigation, including representatives of the Bank of New York (the first trustee), the Law Debenture (the successor trustee) and Magten are all located in New York. Likewise, much of the documentary evidence related to the transaction is in New York or Delaware where various relevant documents have been assembled in connection with the North Western Bankruptcy.

Consideration of the interest of justice, which includes judicial economy, "may be determinative to a particular transfer motion, even if the convenience of the parties and witnesses might call for a different result." *Coffey v. Van Dorn Iron Works*, 796 F.2d 217, 220-21 (7th Cir.1986); *Allen v. Scribner*, 812 F.2d 426, 436-37 (9th Cir.1987). Section 1404(a) is designed to prevent duplicate trials of the subject matter. *Minnesota Mining & Mfg. Co. v. Technical Tape Corp.*, 123 F.Supp. 497 (D.Ill. 1954). In considering a motion to transfer, a court maybe consider the existence of a pending action involving the same or substantially similar subject matter in the district to which the transfer is sought, as is the case here. *Aircraft Marine Products, Inc. v. Burndy Engineering Co.*, 96 F.Supp. 588 (D.Cal. 1951) (involving a patent infringement suit). The pendency of an action in another district is important because of the positive effects it might have in possible consolidation of discovery and convenience to witnesses and parties. *A.J. Industries, Inc. v. U.S. Dist. Court for Cent. Dist.*, 503 F.2d 384 (9th Cir. 1974).

The Delaware Courts already face a number of cases, motions and appeals concerning matters related to this. The District of Delaware is closer to multiple witnesses and documentary evidence. It will save the parties time, energy and money by transferring the case to Delaware.

Based upon the foregoing, Defendants' Motion to Transfer or, in the Alternative, Stay Action [doc. # 33] is GRANTED.

DATED this 11th day of July, 2005.

  
Richard F. Cebull  
U.S. DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

DATE: 7/11/05 BY: A.

I hereby certify that a copy of this order was mailed to:

B. Stenger  
V. Breuer  
J. Goetz  
J. Geddes  
S. Kaleczyc  
K. Beatty  
A. Grulofjez